The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. 23. CHICAGO, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1869. NUMBER 127.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

AGENTS WANTED.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

PARTNERS WANTED.

MACHINERY.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE ELECTIONS.

Delegates Elected to the State Constitutional Convention.

Democratic Majority in New York, 8,000 to 10,000.

The Legislature of that State Still Doubtful.

The Elections in Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Other States.

ILLINOIS.

FOREIGN.

Spain.

Great Britain.

France.

NAPOLEON'S FUTURE PROGRAMME.

Cuba.

Hungary.

MICHIGAN.

Judicial Nominations—Prize-Fighters Arrested for Highway Robbery.

ALTON.

Supposed Suicide.

CANADA.

Opening of the Parliament of Ontario—The Governor's Speech.

WISCONSIN.

MINNESOTA.

KANSAS.

MASSACHUSETTS.

WEST VIRGINIA.

NEW JERSEY.

WASHINGTON.

A Committee of the Louisville Convention Call on the President.

Speeches Made on the Occasion.

Revenue Decision of Interest to Book and Newspaper Publishers.

Whiskey Gaugers Receive Another Reminder.

RELIGIOUS.

Baptist National Sunday School Convention.

Methodist Gathering at Columbus, Ohio.

Centenary of Universalism.

New Jersey Association of Congregational Churches.

Illinois State Christian Convention.

NEW YORK.

SPRINGFIELD.

Free Trade Lecture—Articles of Association Filed—Carbondale and Southern Illinois Normal University.

IOWA.

Triple Murder and Suicide.

A Mrs. Clark, of Edenville, Marshall County, murdered her three children yesterday morning by beating them with an axe while they were in bed. She then left, and has not been heard of since. It is thought that she drowned herself.

OHIO.

The Real Estate Agents' Convention at Cleveland—Vote at the Recent State Election—Cincinnati Items.

PACIFIC COAST.

MISSOURI.

Thanksgiving Proclamation—Curious Divorce Case.

SPORTING.

BASE BALL.

GENERAL B. F. BUTLER IN UNDRESS.

Sudden Appearance in the Astor House—Ordered to Tote a Trunk Up Stairs—The Indignation of the Great Adjective Correspondent—Butler's Story of a Robbery—A Raid on Chatham Street.

From the New York Sun, Nov. 1.

THE PARAGUAYAN DIFFICULTY.

New Phase of the Washburn-Lopez Imbroglio—Unpleasant Disclosures of the ex-Minister's Diplomacy—The Card of the Secretary of the Argentine Republic.

Washington (Nov. 1) Despatch to the New York Herald.

Terrible Accident on the Erie Railroad—Destruction of an Oil Train by Fire—A Man Roasted Alive.

WALL STREET.

The Gold Exchange Bank—Consolidation of the Central and Hudson Railroads.

THE STONE COLOSSUS.

Full Expressions of the Opinions of Professor Hall and Dr. Woolworth—A Wonderful Statue of Gypsum.

From the Syracuse Journal.

JAMES HALL, State Geologist.
S. B. WOOLWORTH,
Secretary of the Regents of the University.

The Emperor Napoleon's Health.

Jeff. Davis, the Unfortunate—He is the Victim of a Barbarous Regulation.

New York Live Stock Market.

New Orleans Market.

New York Breadstuffs, Provision, and Grocery Markets.

DRY GOODS.

500 PAIR OF BLANKETS!

JUST RECEIVED, DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS.

These goods are all FIRST-CLASS, and will be found well worthy the attention of buyers.

ALSO,

FLANNELS, OF ALL KINDS, INCLUDING SKIRTING FLANNELS, IN ALL WIDTHS, AT LOW PRICES.

Fine High-Colored CARRIAGE ROBES Only $10, former price $15,

AT J. B. SHAY'S, 112, 114 & 116 Lake-st.

RAILROADS.

SHORTEST AND CHEAPEST LINE TO THE Southwest.

THE SOUTH PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,

WEDNESDAY, the 6th of October, Next.

WM. H. PATRIARCHE.

FINANCIAL.

FOR SALE.

JACOB R. SHIPHERD, 155 & 157 LaSalle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN On Short Time, in Small Sums.

LOANS Placed on GOOD SECURITY, on long or short time.

WILLARD, DOWNING & CO.

FINANCIAL.

SAM'L GEHR.

WANTED.

WANTED.

First-class Muff Stuffers, at the Fur Factory, 115 Lake-st.

BISHOP & BARNES.

WANTED.

AERATED BREAD.

AERATED BREAD.

DAKE'S BAKERY,

Superior Quality,

BLAKE, HERDMAN & CO.

FOR SALE.

REAL ESTATE TITLE BOOKS.

J. MASON PARKER, 133 LaSalle-st.

FLOUR.

FLOUR.

WHITE WINTER WHEAT FLOUR,

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Artists' Materials Of Every Description, at JEVNE & ALMINI'S, Nos. 152 and 154 Clark-st.

Materials for Wax Flowers.

REAL ESTATE.

GREAT BARGAIN In a Wabash-av. Brick House, and Lot, $9,500.

RESTAURANTS.

GRAND OPENING!

WEATHER STRIPS.

SEND IN YOUR ORDERS

J. W. D. KELLEY & BRO.

DYE WORKS.

Dye to Live and Live to Dye.

LECTURES.

PROFESSOR GATCHEL.

FURNITURE.

CHAS. TOBEY, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN FURNITURE, Bedding & Mirrors

Greatly Reduced Prices

CALIFORNIA LAUREL Wood.

87, 89 & 91 State-st., CHICAGO.

FASHIONABLE FURNITURE.

WM. W. STRONG,

POULTRY EXHIBITION.

POULTRY EXHIBITION.

Northwestern Poultry Association

LIBRARY HALL,

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,

COMPETITION OPEN TO ALL.

Liberal Premium List.

TO RENT.

TO RENT, In New Tribune Building, Fire-Proof Stores or Rooms,

WM. C. DOW, No. 118 LaSalle-st.

TO RENT. NO. 214 SOUTH WATER-ST.,

A very desirable office for Commission Business. Apply at No. 1 Purdon's Building, Wells and South Water-sts.

NEW HOTEL, OR FOR Business Purposes.

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Stores 38 and 40 LaSalle-st.

Formerly occupied by J. B. Shay. Apply to WM. C. DOW 118 LaSalle-st.

STOVES AND RANGES.

"Morning Glory" PARLOR FURNACE,

H. C. VAN SCHAACK, JR.,

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BUY THE MONITOR EXTRA CLOTHES WRINGER.

WRAPPING PAPERS.

FOR YOUR

PETTIBONE'S, 104 & 106 Randolph-st.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

WEST SIDE RINK.

Room No. 15, Court House,

A. H. BODMAN, Secretary.

GENERAL NOTICES.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Women's Board of Missions for Interior WILL BE HELD AT THE Second Presbyterian Church.

MAGNIFICENT VIEWS OF THE YOSEMITE VALLEY.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.

PUBLIC HOUSES.

HOTEL CHANGE.

Reduction of Rates.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL.

BUSINESS CARDS.

PATENTS.

GAS FIXTURES.

GAS FIXTURES.

The Tribune.

[illegible]

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1869.

THE NEW YORK ELECTION.

The election in New York, though the Republicans still hold the Legislature by, it is claimed, a slightly increased majority on joint ballot, yet on the whole confirms the strong clutch the Democratic party have got on the political control of the cities of New York, Brooklyn, Albany, and Buffalo, and through them of the State itself. It is an instructive political study to inquire why the Democratic party should have acquired so much more tenacity of life and vigor in New York than it has anywhere else. The foreign population is only a little larger in New York than in Chicago. It is 47 per cent there and 45 per cent here. The commercial relations of New York city with the South have not been, at any time, [illegible] relatively to population, than those of Cincinnati and St. Louis. We believe the causes of Democratic ascendency in New York are well defined, and might, with proper Republican guidance, be in a few years met and counteracted. One of the chief of these is the attractive and cohesive power of the public plunder and official patronage distributed through Tammany Hall as a perpetual Democratic Convention. This concern was founded in 1812, and has always been practically in session since that time, for the promotion of the aspiring and the reward of the serviceable. It resembles in perpetuity, though of opposite aims, the London Reform League, but is more pervasive and efficient in its way than any other political clan ever organized. It combines the qualities of a secret brotherhood, like Masonry, having its rites of initiation, its orders and pledges, with a political character like that of the Knights of the Golden Circle, but more local and conservative. Existing for more than half a century, and founded in the heat of the passions engendered by the war of 1812, somewhat as our Union Leagues were formed, as a means of consolidating the supporters of the war, it has for fully forty years of that period been the recognized power of the Democratic party in New York. Its Grand Sachems have been Democratic leaders. The policies adopted in its secret conclaves have guided votes in Congress and in the Legislature, vetoes, and nominations. Indeed, it has superseded all Democratic conventions in and for the city of New York,—its nominations being equivalent to those of the party, as the voice of the College of Cardinals is the verdict of the Roman Church. [illegible]

[illegible]

THE STATE TAX.

The State Board of Illinois for the Equalization of Assessments for taxation for State purposes, at their session a few weeks ago, fixed the taxable value of the property in this State at $[illegible]. The Auditor, having ascertained the amount of revenue needed for general purposes, has fixed the rate of taxation to produce the same; and we give the rates for the next year as compared with those of the last two years. The rate is stated in mills on the dollar.

[illegible]

It will be seen that the rate of tax for next year is just double what it was for the last. The items for the State debt and for schools are ordinary, and remain as they were. But the tax for revenue purposes has been advanced from fifteen to eighty cents on the $100.

The extent of the increase may be best seen by comparison. The tax for 1868–69 for revenue purposes was one mill and a half on the dollar, and produced $[illegible]. The tax for next year at the increased rate on the increased valuation will be $3,[illegible]. This increase in the taxation is rendered necessary because of the liberal appropriations by the last Legislature for various public institutions. We are also beginning to realize the luxury of having a ten-million-dollar State House job. The people may expect to have that building on hand for a number of years.

THE "PRESBYTERIAN HOUSE."

The reunion between the Old School and New School branches of the Presbyterian Church is to be officially recorded and promulgated at the meeting of the two assemblies to be held at Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 10th inst. The New York *Observer* proposes that the event be signalized by some general memorial offering, such as the complete endowment of the schools of theology or the erection in the city of New York of a suitable "Presbyterian House" as the headquarters of its publishing business and denominational and missionary societies. Such a proposition will, no doubt, be widely welcomed and wisely acted upon. But as such an undertaking should be entered upon with an eye rather to the future than to the past or the present, does not the *Observer* prejudge an important question, with less than the due consideration it deserves, when it assumes that such Presbyterian House should be located at New York? How long on the Atlantic rim of the United States be construed to be its religious or financial centre? The Presbyterian denomination has already, we think, more wealth and more members west of Pittsburgh than east of it. It certainly has, if its distribution corresponds to that of the people at large.

Moreover, the most vital and important field of labor of the Presbyterian, as of all the other denominations, Evangelical and otherwise, lies right here in the Mississippi Valley. It is not merely a missionary labor that is going on here, with the millions of crude foreign elements that are pouring in upon us and demanding assimilation and education, but it is an earnest struggle against many aggressive foes. "Convert us or we will conquer you," is the true spirit of these importuning millions. At a time when two great branches of the Christian Church are about to unite in indissoluble marriage for more effective and happy working in the generations to come, the thought where they shall establish their immediate central house, that to which their children will turn as to "The Homestead," is certainly the most interesting and important that can engage their thoughts. Let it be well considered. Recent events have clearly foreshadowed the early removal of the National Capital to one of the two or three principal cities of the Mississippi Valley. Probably the choice lies between St. Louis and Chicago. The relative growth of the Atlantic slope must always fall far behind that of the Central Basin of the Union. A hundred millions of people will have gathered in the Mississippi Valley before the Presbyterian House is thirty years old, while twenty-five millions will comprise the then population of the Atlantic coast, and those will be offset by another twenty-five millions between the Rocky Mountains and the Pacific. The Presbyterians are world-renowned as a forecasting people, and, therefore, a prosperous one. Will they not most truly exalt their reputation in this respect by making a forward movement into the very midst of their present broadest field of labor and their future richest harvest of usefulness? Let the two assemblies revolve this matter in a truly sagacious, far-seeing, and even pioneer spirit. Chicago is the most favorable centre for the future operations of any religious denomination which would place itself in the van in its influence over the future of our country and of the great masses of its people. The very air of the city is stimulative of all latent energies. The very whistles of the twenty railroads, and the lines of lake steamers that centre here are suggestive of a thousand far-reaching channels of influence that go out hence to every part of our country, like the arteries of the body from the heart,—the pathways of life, growth, and power. The resolution of the two assemblies to recognize this great field, and to seize the present as their special opportunity to "pre-empt so large a claim," would be hailed by their own denomination with pleasure. It would be regarded by all rivals as a stroke of happy fortune, which would itself forever memorialize the reunion of the two assemblies as the timely occasion of this forward movement of Presbyterianism in America.

THE BIBLE IN THE SCHOOLS.

The controversy which has been agitating the people of Cincinnati for several months,—the proposed exclusion of the Bible as a text book, and the singing of hymns, in the public schools,—has reached at least a temporary conclusion. The Board of Education, on Monday night, by a vote of 22 to 15, voted to exclude them. The resolution proposing the exclusion has been debated at the weekly meetings of the Board for months. The vote has been thus analyzed: Yeas—10 Republicans, 12 Democrats; 8 Protestants, 3 Free Thinkers, 1 Israelite and 10 Roman Catholics. Nays—12 Republicans, 3 Democrats; 13 Protestants, 1 Free Thinker, and 1 Jew. The debates were at times very stormy—the leading champions being the Rev. Mr. Vickers for exclusion, and the Rev. Mr. Mayo against—both belonging to the Unitarian Church. The ground upon which the exclusion was based was that the use of the Bible and devotional exercises were a form of worship, and, under the circumstances, a Protestant form of worship, which, it was contended, was expressly prohibited by the Constitution of Ohio, which says:

"No person shall be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship, or maintain any form of worship, against his consent. [illegible]"

To compel persons to support and maintain schools wherein there are religious exercises to which other persons could not conscientiously consent, was argued to be a violation of this part of the State Constitution.

The morning after this action was had by the Board of Education, Judge Storer, of the Superior Court of Cincinnati, granted an injunction restraining the Board from the execution of its order. The application for the injunction was placed on the ground that the Constitution of the State expressly [illegible]

[illegible]

It is argued that the use of the Bible is [illegible] that it cannot be discontinued in the schools without defeating the purposes of those who framed the constitution.

The question whether the Government of the State of Ohio is essentially Christian, or whether the Christian religion is only recognized by it as an existing part of the social institutions and portion of the people, was fully discussed before the Board of Education, and will now go before the Supreme Court of Ohio for an authoritative decision. In the meantime, under the injunction of the Supreme Court, the Bible will remain a text book of the schools, and upon the issue of its exclusion or retention will turn the election of the members of the Board of Education next April. The same question, including that of laws for the religious observance of Sunday, promises to be a sharp controversy in the local politics of Cincinnati for some time to come.

THE TEMPERANCE PARTY.

The Temperance party of Minnesota, undeterred by the failure of their friends in Maine, nominated a State ticket, which, it was expected, and was intended, would defeat the Republican party in the State. In the Temperance Convention it was stated that the only way to force the Republican party to make prohibition part of its policy was to defeat that party by voting for a Temperance ticket. Such a ticket was, therefore, put in the field, and the result has had the effect of showing how utterly weak such a movement must always prove to be. The vote of the State is a light one; but the Republican candidates are chosen by the average majority of the party. We notice that in several places in this State, especially in Bloomington, there was a special effort made to defeat the Republican candidates by running a Prohibition ticket. All such means of promoting the cause of temperance must prove abortive. The laws of this State permit any community to regulate by popular vote the licensing or prohibition of the sale of liquors in such village or town, and that is all the legal aid that the friends of temperance ought to ask of the State. Men cannot be coerced into temperance by statute any more than they can be made religious. Piety cannot be enforced by law; and any attempt by law to make men pious, or temperate, will lead to opposite results. The endeavor to make the Republican party abandon all its principles and reorganize as a Prohibition party will never succeed.

The defeated Barnacles have set up a great cackling over the defeat of Mr. D. S. Hammond for Supervisor, in the town of Hanover, by a majority of five votes. This result is due to the fact that Mr. Hammond, as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Citizens' organization, was not able to go to his own town until the night preceding the election. He remained at the headquarters of the Citizens' Committee, on Washington street, watching with sleepless vigilance every movement of the enemy, and, in conjunction with his associates on the committee, managing with consummate skill the details of the campaign on the part of the Citizens' ticket. To his watchfulness and experience, in a very large degree, are due the regularity and precision with which those numberless but necessary details were arranged. With all the advantages of a regular organization in their favor, we make bold to say that the Barnacles were not so well organized on the day of election as their opponents. That they did not have so many votes, either in city or country, is now sufficiently plain. But neither did they have so good arrangements for using the forces which they had.

We have deemed this explanation due to Mr. Hammond. He was defeated in the town of Hanover because he gave all his time and labor to the general cause, and none to his individual success.

Our returns from the State show a Republican majority of ten in the Constitutional Convention, the whole number of members being eighty-five. This is as large a majority as any party ought to have in any deliberative assembly. It is both safer and more reliable than a majority of twenty. We judge from the returns that the convention will be a very able and high-toned body,—both parties, so far as party nominations controlled the result, having selected their best men. Judge Caton, who ran as an independent candidate, was defeated in the LaSalle and Livingston district by about two hundred majority, Livingston giving him a majority of six hundred, and LaSalle giving eight hundred for the regular Republican nominees.

We trust that the convention will be sufficiently high-minded to keep party politics out of the new constitution.

The question raised by Andrew Johnson's supporters in the Tennessee Legislature against the legality of Cooper's election has been so often and decisively acted upon in both branches of Congress as no longer to remain an open question. Admitting that there is a plain clause in the Constitution of Tennessee forbidding, prohibiting, and annulling the election of a member of their own body to the United States Senate, the latter body has repeatedly held that such a clause is void, as in effect prescribing other qualifications for a United States Senator than those which the Constitution of the United States prescribes. Having cast their votes, electing Cooper, the Legislature of Tennessee have no further power over the matter. There is no other tribunal than the Senate of the United States to pass upon the legality of Cooper's election, and the rulings of that body on this point leave it in no doubt.

The *Evening Post* publishes an extremely sore-headed and strabilious article on the election in this city. The point upon which it lays most stress is that if the voting had been done on some other day the Barnacle ticket would have been elected. Very likely! The supporters of the Citizens' ticket preferred to do their voting on the day fixed by law for holding the election. If the *Post* thinks that its forces could do better on some day when an election is not held, they had better get together and vote now. There is no law against that.

The *Post*, replying to an article in the *Times*, says that Mr. J. Y. Scammon was most seriously abused and maligned in the "late unpleasantness" by those whom he had helped the most with his money, his counsel, and his *et cetera*. We were not aware that Mr. Scammon had helped the Chicago *Times* with his money, or his counsel, or his *et cetera*, until the insinuation appeared in the *Post*. But if it be true that he has done so, what right has the *Post* to play cry-baby on his behalf in this public manner?

The average majority for the Citizens' ticket for county officers, *on the city vote*, is **10,000**. The average majority for city officers is **8,000**. The towns outside of the city, so far as heard from, give a majority of 395 for the Citizens' ticket. There are two towns to be heard from. The total vote cast in the city is about **30,000**.

THE NORTHWEST.

ILLINOIS.

A building in Jacksonville, which was formerly a church, is being fitted up as a dance house and lager beer saloon.

[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

[illegible]

PERSONAL.

[illegible]

POLITICAL.

[illegible]

The Chinese Question—Views of the President and Minister Low.

[illegible]

LONDON.

Trouble Among the Tories.

Lord Derby.

A New Ecclesiastic.

The Pope and the Œcumenical Council.

The Irish Land Question.

The Drama.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, Oct. 21.

[illegible]

IMPORTANT LAW-SUIT.

The United States Sues E. B. Ward for $45,000—Facts of the Case.

[illegible]

THE STONEWALL DISASTER.

Latest from the Burial Committee—Fifty-two Bodies Recovered—The Work Still Progressing.

[illegible]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Operations of the First Auditor's Office—The Floating Debt or Currency Obligations—Redemption of United States Stocks—The Mint Account—Judiciary, Etc., Etc.

[illegible]

WYOMING.

Meeting of the First Territorial Legislature.

The Governor and the Members.

The Governor's Message and its Recommendations.

Senator Sam and His Dorg Pete.

Trouble Ahead Between the Governor and Legislature.

Who Campbell Is.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

CHEYENNE, W. T., Oct. 22.

[illegible]

BOSTON.

A Budget of Literary Gossip—Mr. Longfellow's "Building of the Ship"—Tennyson's New Poem—Proposed New Books—A Protest Against Fast Lecturing.

[illegible]

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL.

[illegible]

RUSSIA.

[illegible]

IMPORTANT DESPATCH FROM EARL GRANVILLE.

[illegible]

WYOMING.

[illegible]ing of the First Territorial Legislature.

The Governor and the Members.

The Governor's Message and its Recommendations.

[illegible] Sam and His Dorn Pete.

Trouble Ahead Between the Governor and Legislature.

Who Campbell Is.

BOSTON.

A Budget of Literary Gossip—Mr. Gough's Autobiography—[illegible]

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL.

Attitude of the Gallican Church—Significant Letter from the Bishop of Sura.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

Mementoes of His Trip Across the Continent.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

The local money market shows no symptoms of relief. The banks find it difficult to accommodate even such customers as are entitled to favors, and any other borrowers than these meet with no encouragement at all. The continued decline in wheat makes a large class of operators in that particular cereal, as well as farmers generally, "feel poor," and not only increases the demand for bank aid here, but must eventually oblige farmers to cut short their purchases of goods, and in that way have a depressing effect upon trade generally. The demand from the country for currency to pay for more grain as well as hogs, however, continues tolerably active, though not so active as yesterday.

Exchange was sold between banks to-day at from 25c to 50c per $1,000 discount. At the counter rates continue unchanged; bankers sell New York funds at 1-10 premium, and take at 1-10 discount.

The following table gives dealers' quotations for buying and selling government bonds, local stocks, gold, and silver, in this market, this afternoon; the semi-annual interest periods of the United States bonds are also given:

EUGENIE.

The Empress in Constantinople—A Native Procession to the Mosque—How Her Majesty Dressed.

AFRICAN EXPLORATION.

Sir Samuel Baker's Expedition—Departure of the Bulk of the Force—The Expedition's Programme.

IMPORTANT DESPATCH FROM EARL GRANVILLE.

The Union of Rupert's Land, the Northwest Territory, and British Columbia to the Dominion—Views of the English Government on the Advantages of Such a Confederation.

OTTAWA, Oct. 25.

A copy of a very important despatch from Earl Granville to Governor Musgrave, [illegible]

The Reported Rothschild American Loan.

From the London Telegraph, Oct. 18.

REAL ESTATE.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO DAILY MARKET.

CHICAGO LUMBER MARKET.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Dry Goods Market.

Pittsburgh Oil Market.

The Produce Markets.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Port of Chicago.

Illinois and Michigan Canal.

Vessels Passed Detroit.

Port of Buffalo.

Lake Freights.

WATCHES.

$15.00.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

GLEN ECHO MILLS, GERMANTOWN, Pa.

McCallum, Crease & Sloan, Manufacturers, Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Carpetings, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.

WAREHOUSE No. 509 Chestnut-st., Opposite the State House, PHILADELPHIA.

DYE STUFFS.

ANILINE DYES.

LEGAL NOTICES.

In the Circuit Court of Cook County.

BANKERS.

C. C. PARKS & CO., Bankers and Brokers, No. 35 Broad and 34 New-sts., NEW YORK.

MUNROE & CO., AMERICAN BANKERS.

SCALES.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES.

EDUCATIONAL.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, GLEN COVE, LONG ISLAND.

RAILROADS.

Arrival and Departure of Trains. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S Through Line to California and China.

STEAM DIRECT TO LONDON.

LONDON AND NEW YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.

WINDOW PULLEYS.

MALT.

Wyeth & Vandervoort Malting Co.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO., Produce Commission Merchants, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

MACHINERY.

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES.

THE ELECTION.

Complete Returns from all the Wards and Precincts.

The Citizens' Ticket Elected by an Average Majority of 10,000.

Every Ward in the City Swept by the Great Reform Movement.

The County Towns in Full Accord with the City.

Nothing but Majorities.

WARD OFFICERS.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

CITY OFFICERS.

TOWN OFFICERS.

THE COUNTY TOWNS.

THE WASHINGTON CLUB AT JANESVILLE.

Letter from a Member.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune:

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Cheap Gas.

The Disappointed Bequeathe.

THE COURTS.

False Representations—Damages Therefor Laid at $50,000.

A Good Day for Divorces—Real Estate—New Suits, etc.

Great Depression at the Armory.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

CIRCUIT COURT.

SUPERIOR COURT.

RECORDER'S COURT.

COUNTY COURT.

THE POLICE COURTS.

Decision in the Albany & Susquehanna Railroad Case.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE OPERA.

THE THEATRES.

THE ORATORIO SOCIETY.

Kentucky State Distillery Convention.

African Colonization.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

MARRIED.

DIED.

AUCTION SALES.

(ESTABLISHED 1856.)

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.

Auctioneers and Dry Goods Commission Merchants,

5, 7, 9 AND 11 RANDOLPH-ST.

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

Dress Goods, Shawls, Woollens, Umbrellas, Hosiery, Flannels, Wool Knit Goods,

Carpets, Blankets, Comfortables, &c.,

AT AUCTION,

TWENTY WAGONS

AT AUCTION,

On Friday, Nov. 5, at 10 o'clock,

At our Salesrooms, 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st.

ALSO, A LARGE INVOICE OF

Saddles, Bridles, Harnesses, &c.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

Pair Black Match Horses, Family Carriage, and Harness,

AT AUCTION,

On FRIDAY, Nov. 5, at 11½ o'clock a. m.

At our Salesrooms, 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st.

W. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

TWELVE CUTTERS

AT AUCTION,

On FRIDAY, Nov. 5, at 11 o'clock a. m.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auct'rs.

Regular Saturday's Sale.

New and Second-hand Furniture, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Show Cases, Parlor and Chamber Suits, Desks, Glass Ware, Plated Ware, Stoves, &c.

Also, 10 CRATES WHITE GRANITE WARE, IN OPEN LOTS, AT AUCTION,

On SATURDAY, Nov. 6, at 9½ o'clock a. m.

At our Salesrooms, 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

By EDWARD F. THOMAS & CO.

Chattell Mortgage Sale of FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE,

No. 113 Twenty-second-st.

FOR SALE.

AMUSEMENTS.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE.

TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS OF

PAREPA-ROSA GRAND ENGLISH OPERA.

FRA DIAVOLO! FRA DIAVOLO!

McVICKER'S THEATRE.

MR. JOSEPH JEFFERSON

In His GREAT SPECIALTY OF

RIP VAN WINKLE.

EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE.

AIKEN'S MUSEUM,

(FORMERLY WOOD'S.)

FRANK F. AIKEN .... Proprietor and Manager.

MARY WARNER.

DEARBORN THEATRE.

I'll Meet My Love at 4.

Haunted Lodgings.

Dutch Specialties.

Under the Lamp-Post.

BY

Emerson & Manning's Minstrels.

THE BEST BILL YET!

LIBRARY HALL.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

MONDAY and TUESDAY, Nov. 1 and 2.

Allen, Pettingill, Delehanty & Hengler's

SENSATION MINSTRELS.

The Best Greatest Comedians in the World!

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD WANTED.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

PERSONAL.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

LOST AND FOUND.

MACHINERY.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TO RENT—OFFICES AND STORES.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FINANCIAL.

INSTRUCTION.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PARTNERS WANTED.

WANTED—TO RENT.

SEWING MACHINES.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

AGENTS WANTED.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

FOREIGN.

Death of George Peabody.

Prospect of Another Ministerial Crisis in Spain.

Speculations as to the Probable Action of the Œcumenical Council.

Battle Between the Austrian Troops and the Dalmatians.

Great Britain.

DEATH OF GEORGE PEABODY.

LONDON, Nov. 4—Midnight.

George Peabody died at half-past 11 o'clock tonight at his residence in this city.

Italy.

Spain.

France.

Prussia.

Austria.

Greece.

West Indies.

Egypt.

RELIGIOUS.

The National Baptist Sabbath School Convention at St. Louis—Report of the Committee on Resolutions—Closing Proceedings.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

BLOOMINGTON.

SPRINGFIELD.

The Free Trade Movement.